

Diversity:

a Tool of Leadership



Name	•	 	
Date:		 	





PREAMBLE of the CONSTITUTION

We the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

1863 Emancipation January 1, 1863

1920 August 18, 1920, the 19th amendment, women's voting rights

1924 Indian Citizenship Act

1964 Civil Rights Act

1978 Native American Freedom of religion

1990 ADA-Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990

Declaration of Independence Paragraph II

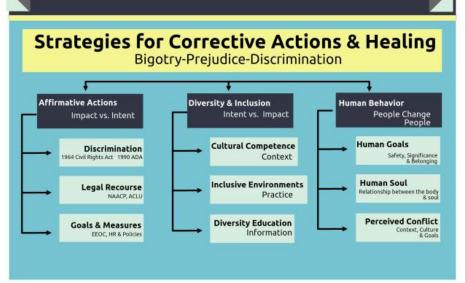
We hold these truths to be selfevident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness.

July 2, 1964. The act outlawed segregation in businesses such as theaters, restaurants, and hotels. It banned discriminatory practices in employment and ended segregation in public places such as swimming pools, libraries, and public schools.



Social Justice is making sure everyone has access to and obtains all the promises of the United States Constitution and the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights.

Diversity, Inclusion & Affirmative Actions





Mental Models

Implicit Bias:Systemic Oppression

Reverse Discrimination: Affirmative Actions

Black Lives Matter: All Lives Matter

Black:White

Diversity:Low Standards

Microinequity: Discretionary Effort

Racial Orthodoxy: Paradigm Shifts

Blind Spots

Dunning-Kruger effect

The **Dunning–Kruger effect** is a cognitive bias wherein relatively unskilled individuals suffer from illusory superiority, mistakenly assessing their ability to be much higher than is accurate.

Scotoma

A **scotoma** is an area of partial alteration in the field of vision consisting of a partially diminished or entirely degenerated visual acuity that is surrounded by a field of normal – or relatively well-preserved – vision.

Bystander apathy

The **bystander effect**, or **bystander apathy**, is a social psychological phenomenon that refers to cases in which individuals do not offer any means of help to a victim when other people are present.

Change the conversation.

BIGOTRY thought behavior PREJUDICE DISCRIMINATION

Why is there still discrimination?

Emotions + Thoughts=Behavior

$$B + P = D$$

NOTES			

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emotion

Laws of been created to deal with, manage and give consequences for larger social ills.

Impact vs. Intent.

In Human Relation's work we talk about, deal with and learn to manage human behavior.

Intent vs. Impact.

Why do we still have discrimination?

DISCRIMINATION is a simple EQUATION. DO THE MATH

1863-----2014

it keeps adding up...

Laws of been created to deal with, manage and give consequences for larger social ills.

Impact vs. Intent.

In Human Relation's work we talk about, deal with and learn to manage human behavior. Intent vs. Impact.

THE SEASON OF INTENT

Sticks and Stones...

IMPACT vs INTENT

Human Resources, Internal Affairs & EEOC Compliance: Laws are able to fix or offer remedies, consequences to these conflicts or misunderstandings

INTENT vs IMPACT

Personal Relationships, cultures, morale and workplace environments:

We take care of each other, add human element to procedures and policies.

Discrimination by another name.







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1. Do as I say...
2. 'Earn my respect'
3. Boys will be boys
4. Not my child
5. Diarespect=Violence

RULES + RELATIONSHIP = RESPECT RULES - RELATIONSHIP = REBELLION Thought + Emotions = Behavior

Family

- -Belonging based on existing
- -Significance comes from relationship
- -Safety provided for by parents
- -Basic needs met by parents
 -Personal and group
- -Personal and group maintenance are emphasized
- -Acceptance is emphasized
- -Goal: be happy and comfortable
- -Conflict generally related to hurt feelings
- -Critique is based on being nice, fitting in and taking care of members
- -The "free lunch" still exists
- -Function follows form
- -Expectations are frequently
- -Disappointment is the favorite feeling of unmet expectations
- -Members not fired

Team

- -Belonging based on contract (spoken or written) to work
- -Significance comes from performing
- -Safety negotiated with co-workers -Basic needs are met by self
- responsibility

 -Task and function are served by
- -Challenge to grow is emphasized
- -Goal: be productive and achieve
- -Conflict related to task, goals and
- -Critique is based on collaboration, performance and meeting goals
- -Self initiate brings "bread"
- -Form follows function
- -Work expectations are frequently negotiated
- -Unmet expectations are subject to consequences
- -Members can be fired

Family vs Team

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Belonging based on existing
Significance comes from relationship -Safety provided for by parents -Basic needs met by parents
Personal and group maintenance are emphasized
Acceptance is emphasized -Goal: be happy and comfortable
Conflict generally related to hurt feelings
-Critique is based on being nice, fitting in and taking care of members -The "free unch" Sti exists
Function follows form -Expectations are frequently assumed
-Disappointment is the favorite feeling of unmet expectations
Members not fired
Work Team
Belonging based on contract (spoken or written) to work
Significance comes from performing
Safety negotiated with co-workers -Basic needs are met by self responsibility
Task and function are served by maintenance
Challenge to grow is emphasized
Goal: be productive and achieve -Conflict related to task, goals and Values
Critique is based on collaboration, performance and meeting goals
Self initiate brings "bread" -Form follows function
Work expectations are frequently negotiated

-Unmet expectations are subject to consequences

-Members can be fired

